

08.05.06
De/ps-3006A/E



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PATENT

Attorney Docket No.: OBJ-3006

UNITED STATES PATENT APPLICATION

TITLE

SPINNING POSITION WITH FIBER GUIDANCE ELEMENT

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

[0001] The invention relates to a spinning position with a fiber guidance element according to the preamble of patent claim 1 used in the field of air-jet spinners.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

[0002] The present invention relates to the field of air-jet spinners. Air-jet spinners have a multiplicity of spinning positions. At every spinning position, a yarn is spun from an introduced fiber sliver structure. In this case, the fiber sliver structure is first attenuated, that is to say the by reducing the amount of fiber per unit of length is reduced by a process called drafting. Then the attenuated fiber structure is then spun into a yarn at the spinning position by imparting twist. For this purpose, the A spinning position has includes a fiber guidance element with a fiber guiding surface. The fiber guidance element which guides the fiber structure into a swirl chamber, where a yarn is produced in a spindle by the known vortex air-spinning process.

[0003] In Figure 1 there is shown a fiber guidance element designed as a sleeve 3 with a fiber guiding surface 5 arranged inside. A fiber structure 1 is guided through the sleeve 3 from the pair of delivery rollers 2 of the upstream drafting system. High drafting system speeds lead to strong air flows in the region of the nip line of the delivery rollers. These air flows may lead to the breaking of the fiber structure.

~~Owing~~ Due to the very high speeds ~~of at which~~ the fiber structure at the transition is introduced from the drafting system into the spindle, the aim is to optimally design the entry of the fiber structure into the fiber guidance element located upstream of the spindle ~~optimally~~. High drafting system speeds lead to strong air flows in the region of the nip line of the delivery rollers. These air flows may lead to breaking away of the fiber structure. In Figure 1 there is shown a fiber guidance element designed as a sleeve 3 with a fiber guiding surface 5 arranged inside. From the pair of delivery rollers 2 of the upstream drafting system, a fiber structure 1 is guided through the sleeve 3.

[0004] European Patent Application Publication No. EP 2_335_050 A2 proposes for this a sleeve in which two mutually inclined fiber guiding surfaces are arranged and, as a result, to form a deflecting location inside the sleeve. The deflecting location, formed as an edge, has the effect of lifting off the fiber ends and thereby increasing the proportion of free fiber ends on the surface of the fiber structure, ~~by these ends lifting off~~. These free fiber ends are taken up by the vortex flow before the spindle. Increasing the proportion of free fibers also has the effect of increasing the proportion of wrapping fibers of the yarn, and, as a result, the quality of a yarn spun in this way can be improved. Although ~~this~~ deflecting location taught by EP 2 335 050 A2 improves the quality of the yarn, it does nothing to contribute to improving the flow conditions where the fiber structure 1 enters the ~~sleeve~~ fiber guidance element 3. When the fiber structure 1 enters the fiber guidance element 3, there is in particular also the risk that the fibers lying parallel to the direction of introduction 34 will become jammed at edges that are necessarily present.

[0005] ~~The present invention is based on the~~ It is an object of the present invention to providing a spinning position with a fiber guidance element and ~~to provide~~ a fiber guidance element with in which the flow conditions even at the transition from the drafting system to the fiber guidance element are improved, ~~in order subsequently to achieve better conditions for the spinning of the fiber structure.~~

This object is achieved by the spinning position provided in patent claim 1 and by the fiber guidance element provided in patent claim 8.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

[0006] Objects and advantages of the invention will be set forth in part in the following description, or may be obvious from the description, or may be learned through practice of the invention.

[0007] The solution according to the invention wherebyBy way of example, one exemplary embodiment of the present disclosure provides a spinning position for producing a yarn from a fiber structure. The spinning position includes a fiber guidance sleeve defining an interior. The fiber guidance sleeve includes a fiber guiding surface having a deflection point located in the interior of the fiber guidance sleeve. The fiber structure is introduced into the fiber guidance element in an input direction. The input direction forms the direction of introduction of the fiber structure is inclined by an angle of inclination in relation to the direction of the fiber guiding surface at a the deflecting location point, for example at an entry edge, and the deflecting location is arranged inside or at the edge of the fiber guidance element. The deflecting point may be arranged anywhere in the interior of the fiber guidance sleeve including the edge of the fiber guidance sleeve. For example, the deflecting point may be arranged at the end face of the fiber guidance element or otherwise set back or suitably positioned inside the fiber guidance element.

This arrangement produces significantly improved flow conditions, and, in particular, a rolling or rocking motion of the fiber structure can be effectively inhibited as a result. The deflecting location, for example an entry wedge, may be arranged at the edge of the fiber guidance element, i.e. at the end face of the fiber guidance element (the end face 33 from Figure 2 described below) and by being set back or suitably positioned inside the fiber guidance element.

How the exit of the fiber guidance element may be designed is left open by the invention. This can take place according to the teaching of document 1 335 050 A2. However, this configuration of the exit is not prescribed as obligatory by the invention.

Advantageous embodiments of the invention are provided in further claims.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The invention is explained in more detail below by way of example on the basis of a drawing, in which

[0008] A full and enabling disclosure of the present subject matter, including the best mode thereof, directed to one of ordinary skill in the art, is set forth in the specification, which makes reference to the appended figures, in which:

[0009] Figure 1_—shows a representation of a fiber guidance element and a pair of delivery rollers of a spinning position according to the prior art in European Patent Application Publication Nos. EP 0 854 214 A2 and EP 1 335 050 A2;

[0010] Figure 2_—shows a sectional representation of the fiber guidance element according to the invention at a spinning position; and

[0011] Figure 3_—shows a sectional representation that is more-less detailed than Figure 2 of a fiber guidance element according to the invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

[0012] Reference is now made to embodiments of the invention, one or more examples of which are illustrated in the drawings. Each embodiment is provided by way of explanation of the invention, and is not meant as a limitation of the invention. For example, features illustrated or described as part of one embodiment may be used with another embodiment to yield still a further embodiment.

[0013] To Referring now to Figure 1, -illustrate the stated problem and the solution provided by the present invention disclosure is shown. -Figure 1 depicts a spinning position 6 of an air-jet spinner with a pair of delivery rollers 2 and a fiber guidance element 3 formed as a sleeve, -is shown in Figure 1 in a perspective view. As used herein, the terms fiber guidance element 3 and

sleeve 3 are used synonymously. A fiber structure 1 is guided through the fiber guidance element 3 from the pair of delivery rollers 2 of the upstream drafting system. The upstream drafting system includes a pair of deliver rollers 2. The delivery rollers 2 have axes of rotation. These axes of rotation define a plane 35 as shown in Figure 2 and Figure 3. The drafting system also defines plane 30 as shown in Figure 2 and Figure 3. and After passing through the fiber guidance element 3, the fiber structure 1 is subsequently spun into a yarn by imparting twist in the spindle 7 (not represented). The task of the fiber guidance element 3 is to optimally introduce the fiber structure 1 optimally to the subsequent swirl chamber 36, in order so that a yarn can be formed there in the swirl chamber 36 by means of an air flow.

In the following context, the terms fiber guidance element 3 and sleeve 3 are used synonymously.

[0014] Figure 2 shows Aa fiber guidance element 3 according to an exemplary embodiment of the present disclosure is shown in Figure 2. The fiber structure 1 is transported in the an input direction 34 into the fiber guidance element 3. A fiber guidance surface 5 is arranged in the interior of the fiber guidance element 3. In order to achieve still a better splaying of the edge fibers, a deflection location is provided at the entry edge deflection point 32 located on the fiber guiding surface 34. The entry edge deflection point 32 is formed by an inclination between the direction of introduction 34 and the fiber guiding surface 5, arranged in the sleeve 3, and is arranged inside said sleeve 3.

[0015] In this exemplary embodiment Figure 2 also depicts; an exit edge 17 is also provided, in order used to achieve additional splaying of the edge fibers. A twist stop 38 is Pprovided at the end of the exit edge 17 is a twist stop 38. However, using the teachings disclosed herein, one skilled in the art will understand that the present invention is not limited to the particular design of the exit of the fiber guidance element. For example, the design of the exit of the fiber guidance element may be according to the teachings of European Patent Application Publication No. 1 335 050 A2. However, this configuration of the exit of the fiber guidance element is not prescribed as obligatory by the present invention. how the exit and the following introduction into the inlet

~~mouth 9 of the spindle 7 must be designed is left open by the present invention. Arranged ahead~~Upstream of the inlet mouth 9 in the swirl chamber 36 is an air entry opening 37.

[0016] Referring now to Figure 3, the entry guidance element may also include a run-in ramp 39. The deflection point 32 may be formed by the run-in ramp 32 and the fiber guiding surface 5. It is particularly advantageous to ~~Aarrangeing the entry edgedeflection point 32 inside the fiber~~ guidance element 3 makes it particularly advantageous to design the entry with a run-in ramp 39 in such a way so that the fiber structure 1 ~~cannot~~ does not become jammed as it enters.

[0017] With reference to Figures 2 and 3 simultaneously, Pparticularly advantageous dimensional specifications for the arrangement of the ~~entry edgedeflection point 32~~ are given below, ~~reference is thereby made to Figure 2 and 3 simultaneously.~~ It should be noted that, both together and on their own, these dimensional specifications make advantageous conditions possible for the entry of the fiber structure 1 into the fiber guidance sleeve 3:

- i) The angle of inclination α between the fiber guiding surface 5 and the ~~direction of input~~ introduction-direction 34 of the fiber structure 1 preferably lies in a range of values of $5^\circ \leq \alpha \leq 85^\circ$, with preference $5^\circ \leq \alpha \leq 70^\circ$, with particular preference $5^\circ \leq \alpha \leq 25^\circ$.
- ii) The ~~input direction of introduction-34~~ input direction of introduction-34 of the fiber structure is inclined with respect to the plane of the drafting system 30 by an angle β . The angle β , which preferably lies in a range of values $0^\circ < \beta \leq 10^\circ$.
- iii) With reference to the plane 35, which is defined by the axes of the two delivery rollers 2, the entry edge 32 is at a distance a from said plane 35. The distance a which preferably lies in a range of values of $9 \text{ mm} \leq a \leq 13 \text{ mm}$.
- iv) The ~~entry edgedeflection point 32~~ entry edgedeflection point 32 is arranged with respect to the usually cylindrical shape of the sleeve 3 at the distance b from the upper end face 33 of the sleeve 3. The distance b thereby preferably lies in a range of values of $0.01 \text{ mm} \leq b \leq 4 \text{ mm}$.

- v) ~~With respect to the plane 30 of the drafting system, t~~The entry edgedeflection point 32 is at a distance c from the plane 30 of the drafting system. The distance c ~~which~~ preferably lies in a range of values of $0 \text{ mm} \leq c \leq 3 \text{ mm}$.
- vi) The run-in ramp 39 is inclined with respect to the fiber guiding surface 5 by an angle γ . The range of values preferably lies in a range of values of $100^\circ \leq \gamma \leq 150^\circ$.

[0018] As explained above, the values specified can be used both individually for the spinning position 6 or for the fiber guidance element 3 ~~and-or~~ in combination. ~~How t~~Using the teachings disclosed herein, one of ordinary skill in the art will understand that the particular structural design of ~~the~~ fiber guidance element 3 ~~is to be structurally designed~~ is left open by the invention. ~~f~~For example a rounding may be performed at the entry edgedeflection point 32.

List of the reference numerals and abbreviations used

- | | |
|----------|--|
| 1 | fiber structure |
| 2 | pair of delivery rollers |
| 3 | fiber guidance element |
| 4 | fiber guiding channel |
| 5 | fiber guiding surface |
| 6 | spinning position |
| 7 | spindle |
| 9 | inlet mouth |
| 17 | deflecting location , exit edge at the fiber guiding surface of the fiber guidance element |
| 30 | plane of drafting system |
| 31 | nip line |
| 32 | entry edge <u>deflection point</u> at the fiber guiding surface 5 of the fiber guidance element 3 |
| 33 | upper end face of the fiber guidance element 3 |
| 34 | direction of introduction <u>input direction</u> of the fiber structure before entry into the fiber guidance element 3 |
| 35 | plane formed by the axes of rotation of the delivery rollers 2 |
| 36 | swirl chamber |
| 37 | <u>air flow</u> entry opening air flow |
| 38 | twist stop |
| 39 | run-in ramp |
| α | angle between fiber guiding surface 5 and direction of introduction <u>input direction</u> 34 of the fiber structure |
| β | angle between direction of introduction <u>input direction</u> of the fiber structure and plane 30 of drafting system |
| γ | angle between run-in ramp 39 and fiber guiding surface 5 |
| a | distance of entry edge 32 from plane which contains <u>defined by</u> the axes of rotation of the delivery rollers 2 of the drafting system |
| b | distance of entry edge 32 from upper end face 33 of the sleeve 3 |

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c distance of entry edge 32 from plane of drafting system 30

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